HE WILL NOT CONDUCT THE EAST ERN END OF THE CAMPAION.

And Positively Refuses to Accept Any Fince in the Campaign Committee—Teller ways There Is Not the Slightest Prospect of Bryan Carrying New York. WASHINGTON, Sept. 16.—Senator Gorman's refusal to attend the Bryan reception, to be held this city on Saturday, is rather disheartening to the Popocratic managers, who have per sisted in trying to make it appear that the Maryland Senator is the active director of the Bryan forces in the Eastern States. It has been repeatedly asserted by unauthorized person curing the past few weeks that Senator Gorman had been selected by the Bryan managers to take control of the Eastern division of the freesilver forces, and would establish himself in New York city and direct the campaign, which, certain free-silver enthusiasts claimed ould result in the Empire State giving Bryan and Sewall its electoral vote. In the mean time, while these statement have been flowing from the lips of the subordinates at Papocratic headquarters, the Senator from Maryland has never once fancied, even while listening to some of the extravagant out bursts of Congressman Sulzer, that there is the slightest prospect of New York casting its vote in the electoral college for Mr. Bryan. The Senator has spent many weeks in New since the nominations were made, and he is generally regarded as a close and sagacious ob server. He is not blind to the situation in New York, and he knows full well that it is waste of valuable time and endeavor to try to convert New York to the Bryan policy.

The fact that Senator Jones passed the night at Senator Gorman's country home last Saturday was picked up and magnified into a confirmation of the well-worn rumor that Senator Gorman has taken charge of the Eastern end o the campaign, with headquarters in New York. It is not surprising to those who are familiawith the relationship existing between Senators Jones and Gorman that the Chairman of the Popocratic committee should become the guest of the Maryland Senator over Sunday. The relations between the two families are of the most cordial nature, and Senator Gorman's country seat is a tempting place to visit at all times Senator Jones's family is absent from Washington and his city residence is closed conse quently he rejoiced in having an opportunity to get away from the excitement of political headquargers and spend a few hours in the quietude of "Fairview" with his personal friend and political associate, the Senator from Maryland. From the very beginning of the campaign Senator Gorman has stated to all who questioned him on the subject that he proposed to support the ticket and the platform constructed at Chicago, as a strict party man. He positively refused to accept any position on the Campaign Committee that would necessitate his constant application to the routine business of the canvass. He did not attend the Bryan notification meeting in New York and he has remained

vass. He did not attend the Bryan notification meeting in New York and he has remained passive, so far as the management of the campaign is concerned.

There is another United States Senator who does not intend to be fooled into the belief that Bryan and Sewali can carry New York. Senator Teller, the most distinguished and probably the ablest of all the misguided free-silver apostics, was expected to go to New York city and do some missionary work in behalf of the free coinage of silver. He was expected to tear into tatters the speech recently delivered at Cooper Union by ex-President Harrison, and then he was expected to make a tour of the Eastern States to spread the doctrine of free silver. Senator Teller arrived in Washington the day before the Maine election and took a hasty survey of the Eastern horizon. There was a bright gold tint to the clouds, and he concluded that even his ponderous elequence would have no practical effect in that direction, so he wisely determined to fight shy of the Eastern States during his campaign tour. In response to a question whereas the intended to such a Vock the to fight shy of the Eastern States during his campaign tour. In response to a question whether he intended to speak in New York, the Senator from Colorado studied and replied:
"What is the use of wasting my time there? Ido not believe there is the slightest prospect of Bryan capturing New York, and I do not propose to waste such ammunition as I may have on hand against a stone wall. I do honeatly believe there is a field for earnest and judicious work in the far West and the middle West, and there is where the battle must be fought out."

West, and there is where the battle must be fought out.

Now that Maine has spoken Speaker Reed will be released to the country at large. There is a general demand at Republican headquarters for his services from all sections. In all probability, however, he will be heard principally in the middle and debatable Western States. Personally he is very popular in the West. When a young man he yielded to the impulse of the day and went West to seek his fortune. Subsequently he returned to Maine, but not to forget his Western experience or the new friends he had made. In the committee assignments of the House Mr. Reed has, as Speaker, treated the Western men with marked consideration, and this is remembered cordially by them and their constituents. In Illinois, in Iowa, in Michigan, in Kanaas, and in California, where he lived for a while, the sound-money cause, if he can find the time to travels of far, will greatly benefit by his participation in the campaign.

Another strong speaker for sound money soon.

campaign.

Another strong speaker for sound money soon to be heard in the debatable territory is Secreto be heard in the debatable territory is Secretary Carlisle. The demand for him also is very
great. In Illinois, in Indiana, and in his own
State of Kentucky ne is expected to speak, and
large audiences are certain to greet him wherever he may appear. Chicago, Indianapolis,
Louisville, and Lexington are mentioned as
likely to be remembered in the arranging of his
tinerancy, and even Nashville and Memphis
are suggested. Mr. Carlisle, while not an orator in the sense that Mr. Bryan and Mr. Cockran
are orators, is yet one of the most convincing
of men on the stump, and is always in request
when the issues are important and the contest
is solvited.

While the sound-money men are thus felicitating themselves on the growing strength of

the season-money men are thus felici-ting themselves on the growing strength of heir stumping force, the sliver men on that abject are correspondingly depressed. They we nobody to send after men like Mr. Reed at Mr. Carlisle. Their embarrassment is only illy to be measured when it is considered that mater Gray, Senator Vilas, Senator Lindsay, Gov. Waller, and E. J. Phelps have all been tiven into opposition. Exclict Campbell is driven into opposition. Ex-Gov. Campbell is silect, and Senator Hill can be of no service, no matter what the Buffalo Convention may do. These men are all capital speakers, and without them the Democracy, which ordinarily would command their best efforts, goes begging. Their places cannot be filled.

# POLLING MISSOURI.

The Popocratic Committee Say the State Will Go Mearly 70,000 for Bryan. Sr. Louis, Sept. 16.-The poll of Missouri by the Popocratic State Central Committee is

hearly completed. Secretary Love made an un-

official advance report to-day. He said: "We find from the reports by school districts that there is very little defection among the Democrats of the interior, and that the Republicans are going to lose a great many votes. Nearly every report that comes to us shows a number of wavering Republicans.

From what we have learned since the canvass began, we are inclined to believe that the State will give Bryan a majority of nearly 70,000,"

### Fusion Completed in Illinois.

CHICAGO, Sept. 16.-Fusion of the Democrate and Populists on Presidential electors, State ticket, and Congressmen was completed to-day at a meeting of the Democratic State Central emmittee. The agreement had been made in detail by the leaders on both sides beforehand, and only the formal execution was needed to make the fusion legal and binding. Under the agreement the resignations of Thomas Carey. elector at large, of Chicago; Justice George P er of Chicago, Third district elector, and we M. Le Crone of Effingham, Nineteenth First elector, were accepted and the vacancies of by three Populists. H. E. Taubeneck, exaltrons of the National Committee: Dr. H. S. Vior, Chairman of the Cook County Commitational Terman Alschuler, a Populist elector mitted to Watson.

### Sinjan Witt Debate.

Treasurer Sinjun of the Popocratic National termittee is going to debate the currency quesat the Newburgh Fair this afternoon with ary Austin Adams of the Democratic Honest bey League. Mr. Sinjun will repeat his well-wn arguments in favor of free coinage of The Democratic Honest Money League has Siehed branch headquarters at 33 West 125th Sirest and also at 5 Abingdon square.

Senator Teller Starts on His Stumping

Tour. WASHINGTON, Sept. 16,-Senator Teller made of call on Senator Faulkner, Chairman of Democratic Congressional Committee ing the morning, and also visited Secretary underfer at silver headquarters. He left slington this afternoon and will in a few slegin his stemping tour in Kentucky.

To Care a Cold in One Day i., rative Brome Quinine Tablets. All druggists

SECRETARY CARLISLE'S LEITER. Chairman Paulkner Protests Against 24 to

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17 .- Late this afternoon Senator Faulkner, Chairman of the Democratic Congressional Committee, gave out the following dictated interview on the Carlisle letter published this morning.

"I have read the letter of Secretary Carlisle, and my astonishment is equal to my regret that the Secretary of the Treasury should have an-nounced a policy which invites a depreciation on the currency and will at once encourage the gold speculators and money lenders of the country to additional raids upon our gold reserve, with a view of forcing the Government to continue issuing interest-bearing bonds to carry out the policy suggested in the letter of the Secretary of the Treasury. I shall not comment upon the reasons which gentlemen holding the views of Mr. Carlisle have as to why the silver certificate and the silver dollar have to-day in this country the same purchasing power as the gold dollar, but I cannot refuse to express my absolute dissent from the policy announced by Mr. Carlisio as the one which will govern the Treasury in reference to redeeming sliver certiicates and coined silver dollars in gold.

"In a letter addressed to me on Aug. 26, 1896. Secretary Carliale stated as follows: 'So far as I have been able to ascertain neither the Treasury Department nor any Sub-Treasury has ever been called upon to refleem allver dollars in gold, and no such dollars, in fact, have been redeemed in gold.' This statement from the head of the Treasury Department, made to me on Aug. 26, 1896, shows that the holders of silver certificates or silver dollars have never entertained the opinion that the contract on the face of the certificate, which expressly provides for of the certificate, which expressly provides for their redemption in silver dollars, should be construed by the Executive Department as entiting the holders to demand gold dollars, and much less had any one ever conceived the idea before that the silver dollar, made by law a legal tender in payment of all debts and in the discharge of all obligations, and designated in the statute as 'the standard money of the country,' should be redeemed in any other coin. 'So late as July 1, 1896, there was issued, under authority of Mr. Carlisle, for the information of the people of this country, 'Treasury circular No. 123, 'in which the policy of the Government and the Treasury Department was announced over Mr. Carlisle's own signature. In this circular, on page 12, under the head of 'Redemption,' he says:

"Gold coins and standard silver dollars, being "Gold coins and standard silver dollars, being

"Gold coins and standard silver dollars, being standard coins of the United States, are not redeemable. Silver certificates are receipts for standard silver dollars deposited, and are redeemable in such dollars only.

dollars only.

"What has produced the change in the mind of Mr. Carlisle since the first day of July, 1890, to cause nim to reverse the entire policy which he then officially announced as Secretary of the Treasury in this official statement? No intimation has come from any source that the purchasing power of the silver dollar, or of the silver certificate, its representative, is not equal to-day to that of the gold dollar or gold certificate.

ver certificate, its representative, is not equal to-day to that of the gold dollar or gold certificate.

"Will not this public declaration, made for the first time in the history of the Treasury Department, of a course which reverses its entire policy as to this part of our circulating medium, tend to force a depreciation of that character of our currency? Will not those interested in forcing the Treasury Department to carry out this policy proclaim at once to the country and to the world that the hundred millions of dollars of gold reserve placed by law in the Treasury for the purpose of redeeming United States notes cannot meet the demand upon it, and that more bonds must be issued, not only to maintain it, but to enlarge it, as there has been imposed upon it the additional burden of the redemption of \$331,259,509 or sliver certificates and \$52,175,998 of sliver dollars now in circulation, aggregating \$383,435,947, which, with the United States notes and Treasury notes under the act of 1890, place a total burden upon the gold redemption fund of \$859,798,833?

"Under the former rulings of the Treasury, received the properties of Visited States."

9,799,823? Under the former rulings of the Treasury.

"Under the former rulings of the Treasury, providing for the redemption of United States and Treasury notes aggregating \$476,304,316 out of the gold reserve of \$190,000,000, it was questionable whether the redemption fund was not too small to give confidence as to the ability of the Government to sustain this policy; and now, having doubled the liability upon the gold reserve, what effect will this announcement by the Secretary of the Treasury have upon the confidence of the people in the ability of the Government to maintain it?

"United States notes have become scarce, and are not so easily cornered for the purpose of drawing large sums of gold from the Federal Treasury, but the sliver certificates and sliver dollars are the money found almost exclusively in circulation at this time, and can be easily and rapidly accumulated for the purpose of demanding of the Treasury their redemption in gold under this new declaration of the future course of the Treasury Department. It presents more definitely and clearly than any action ever before taken by the Treasury its intention to place this Government absolutely under the control of the bankers of this country and Europe, and to leave to them the determination as to the time and amount of the increase of the interest to their each part of the country of the scandard. I have no hesitation in asying that if this is the policy to govern the United States in the future under the gold standard. I have no hesitation in asying that if this is the policy to govern the United States in the future under the gold standard. I have no hesitation in asying that if this is the policy to govern the United States in the future under the gold standard. I have no hesitation in asying that if this is the policy to govern the United States in the future under the gold standard. I have no hesitation in any ing that if this is the policy to govern the United States to maintain the gold standard. I have no hesitation in any ing that if their site the gold standard in the future under the g

FUSION PLANS IN ALABAMA.

Republicant and Real Democrats Talk About Joining Forces.

Brownsham, Ala., Sept. 16,-The Campaign Committee of the Republican party met here to-day to consider the matter of fusion with the National Democrats. At a late hour to-night no conclusion had been reached, but it is thought that an advisory committee will be appointed with the recommendation that they offer to take down five of the eleven Republican electors if the National Democrats will put up only five electors, so that the vote of the parties

only five electors, so that the vote of the parties can be consolidated. It is believed that the National Democrats will reject this proposal.

The Popocrats will hold a State conference of all their leaders here to morrow to map out their plans of the campaign. The question of displacing five of the Bryan and Sewall electors with Populists will be considered, and it is thought will be rejected as dangerous to the party organization.

# NO BRYAN FOR THEM.

Stamford Democratic Leaders Decline to

STAMFORD, Conn., Sept. 16.—Chas. J. Caley Secretary of the Democratic Town Committee has sent his resignation to the committee. He says that he cannot vote or work for Bryan and Sewall as a Democrat or an American citizen. He says that he favors sound money, and is against the free columns of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. Richard Boister and Patrick Hanrahan, members of the committee, refused to vote in favor of resolutions favoring Bryan and Sewall. Other members of the committee, it is believed, are of the same mind, but have not announced themselves publicly, because not announced themselves product, occases they believe that Bryan and Sewall are candidates of the party. Every day, however, the Popocratic ranks are being deserted.
The total vote of the State in 1894 was 164.-252, or about the same as that in Maine. Conservative estimates give 25,000 majority for McKinley, but there are others who have looked over the situation carefully who say McKinley will have 40,000 majority. over the situation carefully will have 40,000 majority.

Gen. Palmer to Leave for New York or

Sunday. SPRINGFIELD, Sept. 16.-Senator Palmer, Presidential candidate on the National Democratic ticket, will leave his home in this city on Sunday night for New York, where he will speak at the Madison Square Garden. Senator speak at the Manison Square around Schaup Palmer will not go to Louisville, Ill., as he ex-pecied to, the law cases that demanded his attention there having been continued. It was expected that the Senator would deliver an ad-dress at Decatur some time this week, but since he has concluded to make the trip to New York he has decided to cancel his engagement. He may deliver speeches in New York State.

Small Prospect of Fusion in Indiana,

Indianapolis, Sept. 16.—The Democratic State Executive Committee was in session here to-day considering the question of fusion with the Populists. The Populists are making demands that the Democrats do not want to grant, Another thing that stands in the way of fusion is the threat of the sound-money leaders to put a State ticket in the field. There now seems little prospect of fusion.

Still Trying for Fusion in Kentucky.

LEXINGTON, Sept. 16. - The free-silver Democratic State Central Committee met this afternoon to try to effect a fusion with the Populists in the western part of the State by putting a few Populist electors on the Demogratic ticket. The committee also took steps to raise some money, as there is none in the treasury at present.

THE REV. MR. ASTON ON TOP.

ACTION OF THE TRUSTEES IN CLUS-ING HIS CHURCH ILLEGAL.

Presiding Elder Wing Says Aston Is Still in Charge-Progress Toward a Recon-elliation - Now Lawyer Purves Ob-jects to the Bell on Another Church. He shall be a wild man, his hand will be against all men, and all men's liands against him: and he shall plich his tents over against all his brethren.— Genesis, xvi., 13.

Biblical commentators have not recorded that Windsor Terrace was ever cursed with the curse of Ishmael. Yet the present condition of affairs and men in the Brooklyn suburb is such as to make the visiting and inquiring stranger believe that not only is the land so curred, but every solourner therein as well. Not a householder, nor his wife, nor any of his children, will say a kind word of any neighbor or of the locality. A reporter, seeking for news of the latest tribulations of the sorely tried community, got off of a Smith street trolley car on the outskirts of Windsor Terrace last night and hailed a passer by on the sidewalk.

"Helio, there!" he called, "Can you tell me where Vanderbilt avenue is?" "I cannot, thank the dear, good Lord!" responded the other, fervently. "I don't live in this blamed hole," And he passed on into the

darkness. Yet there was one happy man in Windson Terrace last night. The Rev. Henry Aston. paster of the First Methodist Episcopal Church of Windsor Terrace, beamed with dignified joy, Ten days ago Mr. Aston was not glad at heart. The trustees and the women of his congregation had conspired against him and had reduced the Sunday attendance to seven persons, all because the paster would not reveal to the entire congregation the affairs of his daily life. He denied them the gratification of knowing where he bought his tooth brush, and they turned upon him. He would not tell who had cut his hair, and they raged. He journeyed to the Sing Sing camp meeting and staved there three days without apprising them of his purpose in advance, and they forecok him utterly.

The trustees, influenced by their disappointed wives, declared the church closed for the summer. Though the trustees had not paid his salary for months Mr. Aston was conscientious, and continued to hold services as usual. Then Undertaker T. Jefferson Hemma, one of the trustees, with whom the pastor and his wife had been living, closed his house and went away into the country with his own family, and the pastor's as well. Mr. Aston made his office in the choir loft of the church and his lodgings in some place not even yet known to the exasperated women of his congregation. The trustees wrote to Presiding Elder Charles S. Wing of the Methodist Episcopal Conference, complaining that the trustees had informed the Rev. Mr. Aston that he had been closed out and yet he persisted in running the church. They prayed the Presiding Elder to cause the pastor to get out.

Day before yesterday Mr. Hemma received this communication from Presiding Eider Wing: "MY DEAR BROTHER: Your communication of Aug. 12, notifying me of the action taken by your official Board on the evening of Aug. 11 was not forwarded to me, and therefore did not come into my possession until yesterday.

"The resolution sent me does not mention the causes leading up to said action, which I precauses leading up to said action, which I presume must be the financial difficulty mentioned at the time of the last quarterly conference. But whatever considerations were in the mind of the Board, the action taken was wholly unwarranted and illegal. If you had notified me at the last quarterly conference of last year that you could not support a pastor none would have been sent you, but now in the interim of the annual Conference no one but the Bishop has the power to relieve Mr. Aston from his responsibilities in his appointment, and the official hoard is in duty bound to stand by him in the work and do the best it can for his support until the next assist on of the Conference.

"I trust that whatever differences may have arisen concerning the continuing of the services will disappear and that you will all unite in sustaining the pastor in the performance of his duties until the regular authorities of the church shall relieve him from his responsibilities. I have sent a copy of this communication to Dr. Aston. Most respectfully yours.

Dr. Aston has invited the trustees to meet him in the church and to be reconciled with sume must be the financial difficulty mentioned

Dr. Aston has invited the trustees to meet him in the church and to be reconciled with him and with one another, that the congregation may spend its days in peace. The salary question may be settled, and the minister is willing to look more leniently uron the curiosity shown by the female members of the congregation. It is possible that Undertaker Hemma may refuse to be reconciled. According to a neighbor named Birmingham, he is not a forgiving soul.

neighbor hamed Birmingham, he is not a forgiving soul.

"One day," said Mr. Hirmingham yesterday,
"the horse attached to Hemmins professional
wagon had a fit or something and ran away.
Hemma was thrown out right in front of my
house and his head struck a stone. Dr. Hill
happened to be there and he gave Hemma one
look and called for linor. Now, I guess I am
the only man about the terrace that has strong
drink in his house, and I brought the doctor a
whe glass full of whiskey. The women—say,
you oughter see the women of this town when

you oughter see the women of this women they something is really going on the women they set up a squawking.

"He slu't never tasted rum," they said.

"He sin't never tasted rum,' they said,
Don't you dare give him any of the accursed
stuff. Four it out in the dust and break the
vessel that hath contained it, they yelled.
"It was blamed good stuff, too, if I do say it
myself. Well, the doctor poured it into Hersma
and he came to. Before they asked him how he
was or where he was hurt, most of the women
had to tell him of the awful thing that had
been done to him in his helplessness, lie
got up with some help, and get out
of my place in a hurry, and hain't
never spoken to me since. Yet when the pastor
came to me and said the church was going to
build a new fence and assed me if it wasn't a
privilege to live where I could look out of my
window on a fence like that I did my duty. I
gave up as much as my income allowed. I'm
not the kind to bear malice."

No sooner did the Aston fracas reach a point
where there was a prospect of a peaceable set-

where there was a prospect of a peaceable set-tlement than the Windsor Terrace dogs of re-ligious war dug up another bone of contention, one that had been apparently buried three

one that had been apparently buried three months ago.

In the tower of the Roman Catholic Church of the Immaculate Heart of Mary, at East Fourth street and Hamilton avenue, hangs a bed. It is a low and sweet-toned hell, and three times each day it rings the Angelus, at 7 o'clock in the morning, at noon, and again at 7 o'clock in the evening. It rings but a few strokes each time, and the entire period of ringing does not extend over two minutes. Allen S. Furves, who is a lawyer with an office at 32 Wall street, in this city, lives on Vanoorbili street, simost a quarter of a mile from the Church of the immaculate Heart of Mary. Three months ago he wrote to the newspapers the immaculate fleart of Mary. Three months ago he wrote to the newspapers complaining of the bell. It irritated him, he said, and was a needless tax on the nervous somathlittes of the community. He intimated that if the attention of the Health Board were called to the bell its use might be prohibited. Father McAteer, the pastor of the church, thought the matter over from the months. Board were called to the bell its use might be prohibited. Father Mc Atter, the usator of the church thought the matter over from the moment he heard of this until a quarter of seven in the evening. At 7 o'clock, as a result of his cogliations, the bell rang as usual. It has been ringing at the customary hours ever since. Yesterday Lawyer Parves wrote to the Brookin Board of Health. His letter was a comprehensive essay on church bells, their ethical and religious value, and on different phases of nervous diseases. These are some of the things he had to say in his letter.

"To invalide the afternoon and early evening sleep may be just as important as the night sleep, and among infants particularly so. It would be foily to prescribe a narcoite at 3:10 when a patient was sure to be nervously thrown broad awake at 3:35, and so of the other hours of the day. It may come that the medical treatment of the neighborhood must be regulated by the hours of this hell ringing.

"It is inconceivable but true that in this particular neighborhood, Windsor Terrace, there are ministers who deny that any one's health has ever been impaired in the slightest degree by beli-ringing, and, on the contrary, declare that beli-ringing has proved a source of distinct and positive gratification to invalids, and has materially assisted their recovery or soothed and comforted their last sufferings, and express a desire to enlarge the area of torture, and vulgary statek those who would have the noise

garly attack those who would have the noise abated.

"What is the object of this bell-ringing, this noise? It is not pretended that any object of utility is served. Clocks have entirely done away with that. Nothing comes from it. The noise is not caused in manifacturing. Now, if a machine produced so much noise as to disquiet and armoy the neighbors there is of necessity a conflict of rights, the right to earn a living and the right to quiet enjoyment of home.

"The bell has no connection with divine service, it is not rung for profit or the support of a family. And it is certainly not a work of benevolence or charity or education. It is simply an old superstitious custom, a relie of harharism. And its ringing is purely scattiments, for the gratification of the church members, who seem to be pleased at the annoyance it causes.

Mr. Purves said last night that the noise of

a desire to enlarge the area of torture, and vul-garly attack those who would have the noise

Mr. Purves said last night that the noise of Mr. Purves said last night that the noise of the beil was an aggravating irritation to his peace of mind; that time and again, when sit-ting at a window near the back of his house, he had been driven to throw down his book and rush out because of the racket of the beil. He said he wouldn't mind the beil if it were used only as a summons to service, but he couldn't stand it every day in the week, three times a day. He said he was not the only one whom the bell annoyed. He was acting on his own

# White Blankets.

"San Diego." Size, 11-4.
Borders, { Light Blue, Pink. Red.

\$4.85 per pair,
value \$6.50.

Lord & Taylor.

esponsibility, however, and was nobody's spokesman.

Druggist Cooney, whose store is a block nearer the bell than Mr. Purves's house, said: "I never hear the bell unless I am listening for it. It never bothers me or anybody else in this darn place except Purves. He is an atheist, you know."

Broadway & 20th St.

Mr. Purves says he is an Episcopalian, and not Mr. Purves says he is an Episcopalian, and not an atheist.

Father McAteer of the Church of the Immaculate Heart of Mary said yesterday that he would continue to have the bell rung until the proper authorities ordered it stopped. No one except Mr. Purves had ever made any complaint about it, he said. Everybody else liked it and wanted it continued.

HERE'S A STRIKING "STRAW" FOTE. Less Than 100 Men Out of 1,800 in Chicago Establishment for Silver.

CHICAGO, Sept. 16 .- A significant "straw" in the political fight was a vote taken yesterday by R. T. Crane, President of the Crane Elerator Werks, one of the largest establishments of its kind in the country and employing at present 1,800 men. When business is good this figure is exceeded by 1,000 employees. The Crane Company's eighteen hundred men are for honest money. They began the voting yesterday morning. They will conclude on Nov. 3, and there is no likelihood that their be lief, as recorded in an informal way, will be changed when the regular ballots are deposited In the ballot boxes in November.

The managers of the Crane Company are among the lar est employers of skilled and unskilled labor in Chicago. The building of elerators has prospered the head of the house, and the work he has been able to give his men has prospered them. When other works are idle the CraneCompany men are usually busy. They have suffered less from "lay-offs" and suspensions than have most other workmen. And such a thing as a passed pay day is one of the unheard of things in the big elevator factory. The prosperity of the proprietors has been reflected in the prosperity of the men.
In the present campaign it became a matter

of interest to Mr. Crane, President of the company, to know how his men stood on the money issues. He wanted an honest expression of opinion, and he would have no intimidation of coercion. He would have the free and frank convictions of the men. So he ordered a bal-

of coercion. He would have the free and frank convictions of the men. So he ordered a ballot.

Yesterday morning when the men went to work they saw posted in various parts of the works the following notice:

"It is desirable to know what is the sentiment of the employees of the Crane Company as to silver or gold and the money of this country. Two slips of paper will be handed to each employee, one slip being white and the other red, to distinguish the vote. The white slip represents sliver and the red slip represents gold.

"No marks or names are expected to be piaced on these slips. It is not desired to know what are the sentiments of any individual. The color of the slip alone will denote the feeling of the voter. It is requested that any employee who is a Democrat in sentiment and who desires the gold ticket to aucceed, if he deposits a red slip, shall tear off a corner thereof. A box will be placed on a table near Mr. —'s desk, where these slips may be deposited as the men pass out. "T. Crane, President."

Yesterday morning the men received the alips, and at the headquarters of the establishment in North Jefferson street the voting was concluded. In one of the departments, where 104 votes were cast, there were only three white tickets in the lox. In other departments the majority for sound money was proportionately large, the total number voting for sliver heinz less than 100. As the voting was as secret as the Australian ballot could possibly be, there could be no accusation of coercien or unfairness in any way.

HACKEIT AFRAID TO PROPHEST. Says McKinley's Indicated Majority in

Gen. Powell Clayton and Committeemen Scott and Osborne were still anxiously looking for the arrival of Senator Quay and Joseph H. Manley vestorday, but neither of those worthles arrived before closing time at Republican national headquarters.

The day was a lively one for those members of the Executive Committee on duty. Such of their work as they chose to make public indicated a feeling of great satisfaction with the state of the campaign almost everywhere. Half a dozen reports were received from Missouri indicating that the electoral vote of that State

will be for McKinley and Hobart. Edward F. Brown of this city, who is stumping n Virginia, writing to Gen. Clayton, said that Democrats as well as Republicans are predicting a McKinley victory in the Old Dominion.

This report was confirmed by a letter received at the headquarters of the Democratic Honest Money League from the league's President, Major John Byrne, who is talking to Democrats for McKinley in that section of the South.

Chairman Hackett of the New York State Committee called at national headquarters, and was asked to predict McKinley's pluraity in this State based on the results in Vermont and Maine. He said:

"We have fourget that up, and the results are

in this State, based on the results in Vermont and Maine. He said:

"We have figured that up, and the results are so startling that they appear impossible, but I see no reason why they shouldn't hold good. The same reasons that affected the vote in Vermont and Maine affect it in this State. Now, following the percentage of Republican gain in Vermont, New York would give a majority of 725,000. Using the Maine vote as a standard, our State would give 630,000. The mathematicians may work their brains on these figures and see if they can discover any ground upon which the Bryan shouters base their assertion that New York is uncertain. The fact is that New York is so certain for McKinley by so large a majority that I do not dare make any settimate upon it at all. One cannot pick up a newspaper, no matter where published, without seeing the announcement of some prominent Democrat declaring in favor of McKinley, but you do not find anywhere any Republicans coming out for Bryan. Where you hear of one Democrat making open declaration of his change of politics you may be sure there are a dozen of whom you do not hear. They are quiet voters, and there is any number of them this fall. I have made very careful investigation of every report of Republican defection to silver in this State, and I have found only one county in which there is anything to base such reports upon, and that aldout amount to much. When people talk about Republican silver sentiment in New York State they talk about something that doesn't exist." "We have figured that up, and the results are

Named for Congress.

Seventh district, Wisconsin, A. C. Lareen, Silver emeerst. Second district, Michican. T. C. Barkworth, Silver erat. and district, lows, Aifred Hurst, Silver Demo

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su cash bes.

CHAINED TO A CELLAR POST

LISCOMB SAYS THAT HE WAS The Thieves, After Chloreforming Him and

Chalaing Him in Leydecker's Stable Cellar, Put a Pintel Where It Would Go Of if He Moved-Police Have Doubts. Half the morning's work was done, and "Cheeney," one of the hostlers at Garrett Levdecker's stable at King and Washington streets, was congratulating himself on the fact, when William Tobias of 345 West Twentysecond street called him from his work on the second floor to ask how large the cellar under the building was. Cheeney was rather disconcerted at such a question, for no one had ever called to ask about the cellar. He said he would show it to Tobias, however, and the two went around to the celiar door, an old-fashioned

one, on King street.
"There," said Cheeney, throwing the hatch back, "you can see it. It's all full of uprights, and it's wet year in and year out." As he fin-ished speaking Tobias said, "What's that noise?" and before Cheeney had a chance to answer he heard some one say "Help!"

"Fer Gawd's sakes!" cried the stableman. He leaned forward and saw the form of a man in the far corner of the cellar. "Stay here!" cried Cheeney, "an' I'll run fur

Tobias stayed as Cheeney directed, and the latter soon brought Policeman Becker of the Macdougal street station. The policeman went into the cellar and found an old man chained to a post. He broke the chain and took the

Schlottman listened to a queer story.

man to the station house. There Sergeant

The man said he was Alfred Liscomb, 66 years old, a truckman, of 2,257 Seventh avenue. According to his story, on Sunday evening he came to this city from Westfield, N. J., where he had been the guest of his daughters. While he was walking through King street, about 714 o'clock, two men jumped out from the shadow of a pile of packing cases and threw a blanket over his head. With the blanket over his head he was led down a flight of steps and bound to a post. Then one of the men chloroformed him, he said, while the other put a revolver on the beam over his head in such a position that if he moved it would fall, go off. and shoot him. Then they had robbed him of \$300, belonging to the Exempt Firemen's Association. He had been in the cellar ever since, with nothing to eat.

The police were startled. Inspector Cortright was notified, and he went to the station in a hurry. He went to the cellar and found that hurry. He went to the cellar and found that Liscomb's assailants had selected a post to tie him to that gave him an opportunity to sit comfortably on a stone. Liscomb's watch, made to run thirty hours, was ticking merrily, and Dr. Maione of St. Vincent's Hospital said that Liscomb had none of the symptoms of a man who had been without food for sixty hours. Then the police became suspicious. They wondered why Liscomb's robbers had taken only the exempt firemen's money, and had left his watch and the few dollars he had in his pocket. There were some pawn tickets in his pocket too, and they were not disturbed. Liscomb's high silk hat and his collar did not show any signs of having been covered with a blanket. Then the inspector learned that Liscomb had been chained by the right leg only, and that the revolver was within his reach. How, too, asked the inspector, could a man who had been chieroformed point out where the bottle containing the fluid was hidden, as Liscomb had done?

Later the inspector learned that Liscomb bad been seen by some of the stablemen on Tuesday night at 11 o'clock in the neighborhood of the cellar door, and when he found out that Liscomb had account had at one time leased the stable, and held several grudges against Leydocker, he made up his mind that some one was trying to sell him a gold brick. So he asked Liscomb to be at Jefferson Market Police Court this morning, and went back to headquarters sure that there was a job somewhere.

In the afternoon Lawyer Neuberger appeared in the Jefferson Market Police Court this morning, and went back to headquarters sure that there was a job somewhere.

In the afternoon Lawyer Neuberger appeared in the Jefferson Market Police Court this morning. And went back to headquarters sure that there was a job somewhere.

In the afternoon Lawyer Neuberger appeared in the beard and had been made for a warrant for Leydecker. He asked Magistrate Cornell not to issue the warrant, promising to produce leydecker in court if he was wanted to day. No application for a Liscomb's assailants had selected a post to tie him to that gave him an opportunity to sit

DROVE INTO A BRYAN MEETING.

Cabman O'Hara Finally Mastered by Eight Political enthusiasm of a virulent nature impelled Dennis O'Hara to interrupt with the cab of which he is the presiding genius a Bryan and Sewall open-air meeting in Madison

square last night. The meeting was one of the nightly gather ags of the Bryan and Sewall Single Tax Club in front of the Metropolitan Life building, and about 2,000 people were present. Judge Semeth had just been introduced when O'Hara arrived and distracted all the attention from the speaker by driving straight into the crowd.

Gradually this aroused some resentment. Suggestions of lynching were freely made, but Dennis announced that he was irish and could lick the whole crowd and have enough strength left over to carry the whole country for Mc-Kinley. The Bryanites attempted to climb up and pull him off the box, but he used the butt

and pull him off the box, but he used the buttend of his whip savagely.

A general scattiment in favor of his complete destruction prevailed when eight policemen arrived on the scene. O'Hara was urging his horse ahead, and had knocked down half a dozen people, when Foliceman Simm of the West Thirtieth street station seized the horse's bridle, only to get the driver's lash across his face. face Other policemen pulled O'Hara down from

his perch. He was handcuffed to two of them, and around them the others formed a square, as escort. It was a necessary precaution, for in the absence of a strong guard. O'Hara would probably have been reduced to a condition such that a corener's jury couldn't have found enough of him to sit upon.

The crowd was very angry. It followed O'Hara and his escort to the station house and wanted to make all sorts of characteristics.

O'Hara and his escort to the station house and wanted to make all sorts of charges against O'Hara. He had been thumped pretty thoroughly, but was still unterrified, and announced that he was an honest man and dreve his cab as best suited suited him without reference to political principles.

The Single Taxers said that he had been hired by Hanna to break uptheir meeting, and wanted by Hanna to break up their meeting, and wanted to make charges against him to that effect. O'Hara was locked up. He is 45 years old, lives at 208 Fast Thirty-third street, and says he drives for the Market Stables.

TO "WASH" FOR \$25 A SIDE. Union Hill Volunteer Firemen to Turn the

William Neckar and John Worth are members of Columbia Hose of the Union Hill Voiusteer Fire Department Neckar is an undertaker, and Worth is a shoe dealer. It is a rule of the hose company that each member shall take a turn at cleaning the hose carts once each week. For each violation of this rule a fine of 50 cents is imposed. For several weeks Neckar on cents is imposed. For several weeks Neckar has violated the rule. He paid his fine however, and the washing was done by other members. Yesterday Neckar visited the company quarters and some of the members turned the hose on him. Neckar accused Worth of the act, and a quarrelensued, which ended by Worth challenging Neckar to a contest with hose and

water.

The contest is to be fought in front of the quarters on Monday night for \$25 a side. The participants will stand thirty feet apart, each holding a hose, and when the word is given the water will be turned on. The loser, hesides being out his \$25 stake, will have to pay for a supper for the company.

Gibson Arrested for Libel. The Grand Jury refused yesterday to listen to

the complaint of Clarence H. Gibson that James Nugent, stenographer of the Yorkville Police Court, had tampered with the bail of Thomas Clark, an alleged burgiar. Gibson was arrested later on a complaint made by Mr. Nugent charging him with criminal libsl. He was pa-roled until to-day, when he will be arraigned in the Centre Street Court.

Army of the Potomac Reunion, BUSILINGTON, Vt., Sept. 16.—The annual re-union of the Society of the Army of the Po-tomac began in this city to-day, and will con-tinue through to-morrow. GOLF.

A Tie in the St. Andrew's Monthly Class A Handlenp-News Notes.

There were better averages than usual made by the starters in the sixth monthly class A handicap at the St. Andrew's Golf Club yesterday, owing to the excellent condition of the greens and the bracing autumn weather. There was so little wind that the smoke from the club house fires rose in a pillar straight to the clouds. so the golfers who went wild in driving could not, for once, blame the breeze. Sixteen started. and all handed in cards, not a single lolterer falling by the way. The best net score, 82, was made by both De Garmendia and Cuthbert, who tled for first and second honors. De Garmendia made the best gross score of the day, 85, Livermore, a scratch man, coming next with two strokes more. Cuthbort, although his for-ward position was due to his handleap, beat his best past record with a well carned 93. The strokes were:

Only three of the scratch men were out, Livermore making the best card. Rad drives spoiled his first hole on each round. But for this, a poor put on the next, and also on the home hole, his second round would have been a dazzier. Sands was decidedly off his game, although he equalled bogey on the second hole, the last time round. Ten Eyck, the third of the scratch men, made a neat ninety. He and Chauncey, who tied for the first and second prizes in the August monthly handleap, had agreed to play off in yesterday's competition. Ten Eyck winning by two strokes. This gives the August prizes to him and the right to enter for the Vice-President's cup, on Nov. 7. The cards of the scratch men were:

John Reid, the President of the St. Andrew's Golf Club, and Mrs. Reid, who returned yester-day morning from a trip through Scotland and England, were among the onlookers on the

The Baltusrol Golf Club will play a team The Baltusrol Golf Club will play a team match at St. Andrew's on Oct. 3, and the home season will open on Oct. 17 with a match with the Shinnecock Hills Golf Club. The next team matches, after the Shinnecock event, will be with St. Andrew's, on Oct. 24; with the Richmond County Country Club on Oct. 31, and with the Newport Golf Club on Nov. 7. Matches for the home links are also to be played with the Tuxedo and Morris County Golf Club teams. The Adams cup will be played for at the Seabright Golf Club, at eighteen holes, handicap medai play, and the Oyster Bay and Tuxedo teams play the return match at Tuxedo. A meeting of the Dyker Meadow.Jolf Club will be held to-morrow night to consider the advisability of holding an open amateur tournament in October.

The formal notice of the professional tournament at the Knollwood Country Club was sent out yesterday and reads as follows:

A professional tournament will be held under the

out yesterday and reads as follows:

A professional tournament will be held under the
auspices of the Knollwood Country Club at the club's
links, Einsford, Westchester county, N. V., on Oct. S.
links The club offers the following prizes: First, \$150;
second, \$70; third, \$50; fourth, \$20. Play to begin
at 10 A. M. Thirty-six holes; medsl play; for professionals only. Entry free, Entries will clease Sept. 28,
1890, at 5 P. M. with C. V. Sewell, Esg., Secretary
Green Committee, Knollwood Country Club, Einsford, Westchester county, N. Y.

Green Committee, Knollwood Country Club, Elmaford, Westchester county, N. Y.

The Eastern visitors to the Chicago golf
Club W. M. McCawley won a handicap, and at
the Onwentsia Club he won the driving contest with a carry of 207 yards. The valuable
and handsome Ravinoaks cup at the same
club, for players who first began the game in
this country, was won by J. G. Thorn, who beat
J. C. Farwell in the finals by 7 up and 5 to
play. Thorp scored 200 and McCawley 207 in
the Onwentsia cup match at thirty-six holes,
medal play, which was won by C. B. MacDonald,
185, with L. P. Tweedle, D. R. Forgan, and H.
J. Whigham, the champion, tied for second
place at 197. The Governors' cup, for women,
was won by Miss Marion Shearson, who, with
Mrs. E. S. Adams and Mrs. H. C. ChatfieldTaylor, will enter for the women's championship in October at the Morris Country Country
Club.
Newyord, Sept. 16.—Robert Goulet of New

NEWPORT, Sept. 16.—Robert Goelet of New York gave a cup for junior golf players, which was contested for to-day, Robert Goelet, Jr., winning. The scores were as follows:

Gross, Handicap, Net. ...118 24 94 195 50 95 ...129 80 09 Robert Goelet, Jr..... William Hoffman, P. Livermore, and W. G. Barnwell did not hand in their cards. The tournament was eighteen holes medal play.

tournament was eighteen holes medal play.

Shelter Island, Sept. 16.—An accident in which personal injury was done while playing golf happened here yesterday. Walter Norris of Brooklyn was wielding his club along the links, and hear him Mr. and Mrs. Atha were playing a game. Norris simed an extra hard blow at the ball, and the club slipped from his hand and struck Mr. Atha on the head, felling him to the ground. It was fully half an hour before he regained consciousness. He was then taken to the home of Dr. E. F. Benjamin, who dressed the wound. Mr. Atha was the most prominent and accounted the most skilful player on the links this season.

Cricket.

ricketers who arrived here yesterday devoted considerable time to work at the nets on the Germantown ground to-day, and it was readily seen that the local willow wielders will have a tremendous task in hand when they meet the famous Autipodeans. The visitors are quartered at the Colonnade Hotel. They attended the Chestnut Street Theatre last night and tonight they saw Maggle Cline in "On Broadway." Bob Fitzsimmons, who is playing here at the Lyceum, is anxious to see his countrymen, and he has sent them an invitation to see his show to-morrow night. The visitors have been overwhelmed with invitations in this city for dinners, theatre parties, and other social events arranged in their honor.

Of the men now here, no less than seven of them scored over 1,000 runs in the matches in England, and the same seven each made at least one century. S. E. Gregory heads the averages with a record of 31.82 for 48 innings and an aggregate of 1,404 runs. J. Darling scored the highest aggregate, 1,555, but he played in three more innings, and his average of 29.90 is second. Hill, iredale, Trott. Giffen, and Donnan follow in the order named. Four of the team took over 100 wickets, H. Trumble having 148 to his credit for 15.81 apiece, while McKibbin took 101 for 14.88, E. Jones 121 for 16.03, and G. Giffen 117 for 19.29. for dinners, theatre parties, and other social

FIRST CHESTNUTS OF THE SEASON They Come from New Jersey and Give The first chestnuts of the season appeared

resterday. They came from Bergen county, N.

J. The crop will be an unusually large one. The nuts are of extra size and flavor. Frost is not necessary, as many suppose, to unlock the satin-lined burrs, for none has as yet made its presence felt in New Jersey. Martinelli Visits Our Ambassador ROME, Sept. 16 .- Archbishop Sebastien Marti

nelli, the recently appointed successor to Car-

dinal Satolli as Papal Delegate to the Roma

Catholic Church in the United States, paid a visit to the United States Embassy to-day, Arch-

bishop Martinelli will continue in his office of General of the Augustine Order, delegating the charge of its affairs during his stay in America. Lord Russell to Visit Washington To-day. WASHINGTON, Sept. 16 .- Lord Chief Justice Russell of England is expected to reach Washington to morrow afternoon. Attorner Gen-eral Harmon will meet the distinguished guest and look after his entertainment while here.



Reputation of a trade mark or name is not won in a day, nor without expense. After it's won you're apt to pay well for it.

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paying \$5-\$2 for reputation. Ours at \$3 are just as good, because no better are made.

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Another exception to the rule of paying for reputation is our clothes; our prices are the same as for the ordinary kind. We're ready for Fall and Winter.

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Prince and Broadway. Warren and Broadway. Thirty-second and Broadway.

IYNAN'S QUEER CONDUCT. Irishmen Here Cannot Understand Why Ho

Tempted His Fate.

The only thing that Irishmen in this city were sure about yesterday in reference to the arrests of Tynan, Kearney, and Bell, was that they did not hold Mr. Tynan's common sense to be of a particularly high order. All agreed that the identity of the prisoners has been established.

Most of them contended that the whole plot was merely the product of somebody's imagination. But, even for the sake of selling England gold brick, they could not understand how Tynan and his colleagues, more particularly Kearney, could lend themselves to a scheme which more likely than not would result in disaster to both. Tynan knew that he was wanted on British soil for the part which he said he took in the Phennix Park murders; the Home Office had ample evidence upon which to convict Kearney for the part he took in the blowing up of the Calcdonian Railway station and the gas works in Glasgow. Some of the more rabid haters of England ventured the opinion that some persons on the other side, posing as Irish patriots at the instigation of the British Government, had sent word to Tynan that a plot was being hatched over there, and that a plot was being hatched over there, and that a plot was being hatched over there, and that a plot was being hatched over there, and that a plot was said, would flatter Tynan's vanity, and he would readily jump at the bait. These rabid anti-British agitators spoke of the publication of Tynan's book. "The Irish National Invincibles and Their Times." It was argued by many that Thomas D. Farrall, acting as the secret agent of the Tory Government in 1894, got Tynan to write the book and devote one whole chapter to his part in the killing of Cavendian and Burke. Farrall and Tynan arranged with H. E. Clamp to bring out the work. Clamp contracted with the Weston Publishing Company of Rahway, N. J., for the publication, and Farrall made an advance payment of \$2.008 to the publishing company. This money, Farrall said, he obtained from the saie of electrical natents. When, however, Major Henry Arthur Herbert, a cousin of Arthur J. Baifour, then Chief Secretary for Ireland, came over here, opened an office in Temple Court with Farrall, and was a witness to the drawing of the papers between Farrall and Tynan in the office of William North, a cousin of the late nitrate king, at 114 Nassau street. Tynan and his friends thought that Farrall, for an Irish patriot, had strange friends. Later, it was pointed out, Tynan firmly believed that he had been betrayed.

While the Irishmen were speculating about the plot and what it meant, a report reached them that Short, who stabbed Capt, Thomas Pheian in the aster to both. Tynan knew that he was wanted on British soil for the part which he said he took

THE DYNAMITE PLOT.

Bell Taken to London-The French Bidle

GLASGOW, Sept. 16,-Edward Bell, the alleged dynamiter, who was arrested here on Saturday, was again arraigned in court this morning and remitted to London for which place he will start this evening in charge of officers from Scotland Yard. Bell declined to say anvtling before the Magistrate here, and would not even speak to the officers who were guarding him. After he was returned to his cell be continued his cool demeanor and main-

tained absolute reticence.

It has been learned that the name Bell, given by the alleged dynamiter arrested here on Sats

by the alleged dynamiter arrested here on Saturday last, is an allas, the prisoner's real name being Ivory.

Parts, Sept. 16.—In response to inquiries made at the Prefecture of Police in regard to the rumor that Alexander Sullivan of Chicago has been arrested here, a reporter was informed that not only was there no truth in the report that Mr. Sullivan had been taken into custody, ut that his arrest had not even been mellitated by the French authorities.

The French public press ridicule the whole story of the existence of a gynamite conspiracy, which they declare is an English political trick intended to interfere with the proposed visit to France of the Czar.

Le Soir announces that two friends of P. J. Tynan, in custody at Boulogne, have arrived at that place, having gone there at the request of the prisoner's mother. They endeavered to secure permission to communicate with the prisoner's mother. They endeavered to secure permission to communicate with the prisoner's mother. They endeavered to secure of the will be allowed to see Tynam or communicate with him without having first secured the consent of the Government.

It is learned upon creditable authority that the French Cabinet gives so little credence to the English police officials' story of a dynamite conspiracy that it will probably refuse to grant the request for Tynam's extradition.

QUERNSTOWN, Sent. 16.—J. Brandon Tynam and his sister. Miss Cecilia Tynam, son and daughter of P. P. J. Tynan, with their grandmother, salled to-day on board the steamer Aurania for New York. Mr. Tynan declared that he knew nothing whatever of his father's movements. PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 16.-The Australian

that he knew nothing whatever of his lather a movements.
Loxnon, Sept. 10.—The Daily News to-morrow will publish a despatch from Brussels, saying that the chemicals, soized in the house in Ant-werp from which the occupants fled aday or two previous to the arrest in liciterdam of two alleged dynamiters with whom they are be-lieved to be identical, were sufficient to make half a ton of dynamite. that he knew nothing whatever of his father'

PROTECTING THE CZAR.

Great Precautions to Insure His Salet? when He Lands in Great Britain.

LONDON, Sept. 16 .- Lord Salisbury had a long consultation this forenoon at the Foreign Office with Dr. Robert Anderson, one of the assistant Commissioners of the Metropolitan Police, with the result that elaborate preparations are being made at Scotland Yard for the safety of the Czar and Czarina upon their arrival at Leith on Sept. 21 on their way to visit the Queen at Bal-

moral.

Orders have been given that no one shall be allowed upon the landing stage where the Russian imperial party will debark except persons attired in court dress. The landing stage will be guarded by hundreds of police, and the route taken by their Majestles will be lined with troops. with troops. The Weather.

The thermometer at the United States Weather Bureau registered the temperature yesterday as follows: 10 A M 015 577 0 F M 18 P M 715 677 12 F M WASHINGTON POSSECAST FOR THURSDAY. For New England and eastern New York, fair; outherly winds.

For the District of Columbia, eastern Pennsylvania,

For West Virginia, western Pennsylvania, western New York and Ohio, showers; tight southerly winds.

lew Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, and Virginta, gen-

FLINT'S FINE FURNITURE.

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erally fair: easterly to southeasterly winds